Copy to Mr. himseld

THE WHITE HOUL

November 7, 1962

To: William H. Brubeck

From: Bromley Smith

Will you please see that Ambassador Thompson is provided with a copy of the attached. Any additional distribution within the Department should be in accordance with Ambassador Thompson's instruction. He also has a copy of the Khrushchev letter of November 5.

DRAFT 11/6/62 (dictated by Captain Shepard)

Dear Mr. Chairman

I received your recent letter and I wish to give you as fully as possible the strong feelings we have about the matter here.

In the first place, I need not tell you of the profound shock which recent events have provided to relations between our two countries. You may state, as Mr. Kuznetsov stated yesterday to Mr. McCloy, that the Soviet Union was under no obligation to inform us of any activities it was carrying on in a third country. I do-not accept this view nor would you if the activities being carried on in a third country were intended to alter the balance of power in the world upon which our present uneasy peace so much depends. The fact of the matter, however, is not only were we not informed of events in a third country, but active steps were taken to misinform us about what was being done.

I am not now referring to the TASS article of September but to the communications which were addressed to the highest levels of our government through channels which heretofore had been used for confidential communications from the highest levels of your. government. Through these channels/were specifically informed that no missiles would be placed in Cuba, which would have a range capable of reaching the United States. Believing that those represented a commitment which would be met, I attempted, as you know, to restrain those who were warning us of the trend of events in Cuba. Then the indenicle widence that offensive weapons were The fact that my government misjudged the course of events in Cuba being installed was a deep and dangerna shock first has given a most profound shock to my country. to an government and then to an whole people. If there had been set up in Finland, a government of increasing a run in Succlen

hostility to you, and then during the comparatively brief period,

while public reassurances were being given as there had been

Timber a whole variety of dangerous means

destruction which had been belatedly discovered, you can have grant to much from which had been belatedly discovered, you can have Smil people would have realized to much some idea of the feeling in this country. Now why then am I so

persistent in wanting this matter settled quickly and completely?

First, because in some measure I believe it vital that we reestablish

some

measure of confidence and communication between you and me. If

leaden of the

the two great nuclear powers cannot judge with precision the intention;

call be shell fue

of the other, this will-mean an increasingly dangerous period for the

'two-o£±±s,

Secondly, in return for the commitments of yours I gave certain

in factuals a commitment of the Commitments of yours I gave certain

in factuals a commitment of the Commitme

lemans. a Sorul

sa leaves) in Cuba military bases which could quickly become offensive

be introduced. Combined with these facts is Castro's opposition to

UN on-the-ground-inspection and announced opposition to air

reconnaissance which at present gives us some degree of security.

Under these conditions, even though the missiles might be withdrawn

if the SAM sites remain, if the bombers remain, if a fishing harbor

is constructed which could submarines, if Russian

technicians remain, if the Cubans object to air survellance, use

SAM missiles against it and refuse to agree to on-the-ground inspection

then the whole threat could rise again in the period of a comparatively

few days and we would once again be faced with dangerous events.

Already we have reports of missiles being hidden in caves, although

I accept your word that they are not; of carriers and other